

High needs NFF review consultation questions

Opening questions

- What is your name? Andy Bryson

- What is the name of your organisation? Stockton on Tees Borough Council

- What type of organisation is this? Local Authority

Local authority
Mainstream School / academy
Special School / academy
Independent or Non-Maintained Special School
Alternative provision
Fe college
Specialist post-16 institution
Hospital education provider
Multi academy trust
National organisation
Other
Not applicable

- What is your role? Chief Accountant

- Which local authority are you based in? Stockton on Tees Borough Council

- Do you wish your response to remain confidential? Yes

Historic spend factor - question 1

The historic spend factor in the high needs national funding formula is the main proxy we currently use for local circumstances that can significantly affect local authorities' levels of spending on high needs, and that take time to change. This formula lump sum is calculated using 50% of each local authority's planned expenditure on high needs in 2017-18, reported by local authorities.

We now have access to actual spending data from 2017-18. We therefore propose replacing the current lump sum included in the formula calculation with an amount calculated on the basis of actual expenditure in 2017-18, as reported by each local authority.

Before answering the question below, please read section 3 of the consultation document. Annex B to that document includes further information, and for each local authority the lump sum amount that we propose to use.

Do you agree that we should replace the current lump sum included in the formula calculation with an amount calculated on the basis of actual local authority expenditure, as reported by each local authority?

Agree
Disagree
Unsure

Please provide any additional comments.

If the whole High Needs formula is being looked at then why change the historic factor at this point? Also, ESFA acknowledges that place funding for maintained schools has not been included in the indicative funding changes in appendix 2 of the consultation document (as it isn't identifiable from the S251 data and therefore currently excluded from the Historic funding element). This information has been requested from LA's as a follow-up e-mail with attached spreadsheet from ESFA however adding this in now (could be c£106,700,000 in total) will result in a further reduction to the amount available for the proxy factors and therefore significantly affect LA HN allocations with some LA's gaining and others losing even more than in App 2 of the consultation.

The full effect of adding in the maintained mainstream places needs to be made available to LA's as part of this consultation so that LA's are fully aware of the ramifications of this change being agreed.

Historic spend factor - question 2

The historic spend element of the high needs national funding formula has remained at a cash-flat level since the introduction of the national formula in 2018-19, moving from 44% of the overall formula funding in 2018-19 to 34% in the 2021-22 formula as that total funding has increased. Some local authorities may not have been able to change their spending patterns to keep pace with the percentage reduction in this factor, despite the protection afforded by the

funding floor minimum increase of 8% this and next year. We are therefore considering whether to increase the proportion of funding allocated through this factor, alongside using actual expenditure amounts.

Using actual expenditure from a more recent year, and leaving the percentage at 50%, would increase the amount of the lump sum, but we are not proposing to do this as we are clear that local authorities' actual spending now or in future should not determine how much funding they receive. We could, however, increase the significance of this factor in the 2022-23 formula, by increasing the percentage of 2017-18 spending that is applied, allowing for a more gradual rate of change in the local pattern of spending.

Before answering the question below, please read section 3 of the consultation document.

Do you think that we should increase the percentage of actual expenditure in 2017-18 included in the funding formula calculation, or leave it at 50%? Use the comments box to propose a particular increase or reduction in the percentage.

Increase the percentage
Keep the percentage at 50%
Decrease the percentage
Unsure or other

Comments

See response to Q1 above.

Historic spend factor - question 3

We are aware that the continued use of historic spend is not the perfect long term solution for reflecting the patterns of local demand and supply that affect spending on high needs, as those patterns will naturally change over time. As part of the funding formula review that we are carrying out, and for consideration as we develop that formula in the years after 2022-23, we are therefore seeking views on potential alternatives to the historic spend factor. Any new factors would need to be appropriate for a funding formula (e.g. the data used should be collected on a consistent basis) and would also need to avoid creating a perverse incentive (e.g. to spend more on a certain type of provision so as to gain more funding, rather than to improve the quality or appropriateness of provision).

Before answering the question below, please refer to section 3 of the consultation document.

To what extent do you agree that the funding formula should include factors that reflect historical local demand for and supply of SEND and

AP provision? If you have any suggestions for such factors that could eventually replace the historic spend factor, please provide these in the comments box.

Strongly agree
Agree
Neither agree nor disagree
Disagree
Strongly disagree

Comments

An element of stability for LA funding

Low attainment factor - question 4

The high needs national funding formula uses low attainment at both key stage 2 and key stage 4 as a proxy indicator for SEND. This figure is calculated using an average of results over the most recent 5 years of tests and exams, which for the 2022-23 formula would have meant using test and exam results from 2016 to 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the 2020 key stage 2 tests and GCSE exams were cancelled. This has resulted in no key stage 2 data, and GCSE data that would be inappropriate to use because of the inconsistencies with the results from previous years.

We have considered using the same data as used to calculate last year's attainment formula factors, but this would mean data from more than 5 years ago. Instead, we propose to calculate low attainment by using data from 2016 to 2019, but then to double the weighting of the most recent exam data from 2019. This method could be used for a further year, assuming the 2021 test and exam results are also not able to be used for this purpose.

Please refer to section 4 of the consultation document before answering the following question.

Do you agree with our proposal to update the low attainment factors using data from 2016, and to substitute the most recent 2019 data in place of the missing 2020 attainment data?

Agree
Disagree – calculate in the same way as last year
Disagree – other (please provide further details in the comments)
Unsure

Please provide any additional comments

SEND and AP proxies - question 5

The high needs national funding formula uses six indicators which together act as a proxy for the level of more complex SEND, and need for alternative provision (AP) in an area. These indicators include: a measure of the local population of children and young people, the two low attainment measures (key stage 2 and key stage 4) referred to in question 4, two health and disability measures (the number of children in bad health and the number of families in receipt of disability living allowance), and two deprivation indicators (the number of children eligible for free school meals and a local area deprivation measure).

Numbers of EHC plans are not be used as a robust indicator of underlying need because the way they are used varies considerably across local areas, and the number of plans is therefore not necessarily directly associated with the local authority's need to spend. The ongoing SEND review is considering whether system changes are needed, to provide more consistency in EHC needs assessment and planning process, and to improve other aspects of the SEND arrangements.

Following the SEND review, we will consider whether consequent changes to these proxies that we use in the funding formula, as well as other funding changes, would be appropriate, as it is important that the proxies used support local authorities to deliver the outcomes of the review. At this stage we are keen to understand whether there are new factors either that could replace existing factors that have become out of date or otherwise unreliable, or that could be added to the formula to address types or prevalence of identified need, and we would welcome views.

Please refer to section 5 of the consultation document before giving your comments.

If you wish to offer ideas on factors that could be added to the current formula, or that could replace the current proxies, please provide further details in the comments box below.

Comments

No comments

Equalities impact assessment - question 6

Please provide any information that you consider we should take into account in assessing the equalities impact of the proposals for change. Before answering this question, please refer to Annex C of the consultation document.

Please provide your answer in the box below:

No Comments